ADP, KP and LCA: Pathway to Qatar and 2015

Building a workplan across KP, LCA and ADP to ensure a successful 2015 protocol.

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—Mitigation: Wael Hmaidan, CAN
—Support: Mahlet Eyassu, Forum for Environment Ethiopia
—Elements of a 2012-2015 workplan: Wendel Trio, CAN Europe
Working towards a rough consensus on equity by 2015

• Landing Zone:
  • Agreement on core principles
  • Agreement on key indicators/metrics to inform the political negotiation of numbers (under mitigation, finance, adaptation, loss and damage etc)

→ An “equity corridor” (not a single formula or metric)
Working towards a rough consensus on equity by 2015

• 3 phase process to get there:
  • Dialogue to build understanding on positions and predicaments;
  • Agreement of key principles and indicators/metrics to inform political negotiation;
  • Negotiation of numbers under mitigation, adaptation, finance etc – narrowing of the equity corridor

“Equity Corridor”
Adaptation up to 2015

- **Strengthen principles**: failure in mitigation increases adaptation needs and loss and damage; shift from gradual to transformational understanding.
- Ensure **National Adaptation Plans can deliver swiftly**, including through scaling-up finance.
- Ensure **NAP experience informs the ADP work** related to adaptation in 2015 instrument; 2015 instrument to ensure implementation of NAPs also beyond 2020.
- Establish **loss and damage as key issue**, including through the elaboration of a mechanism addressing gaps.
- **Adaptation Committee**: provide input into ADP process and continue work beyond 2015.
- Explore elements to help **scaling-up community based adaptation**, including necessary support for in-country community based adaptation.
Mitigation in the KP

• By Doha:
  – Complete work and have a ratifiable outcome
  – Australia and New Zealand commit to 2\textsuperscript{nd} CP
  – Increase the pledges to at least the top end of the ranges
  – Close the AAU loophole
  – Transform pledges into QELROs and inscribe them in Annex B
  – Other amendments to allow easier increase of ambition in Annex B (but no back tracking)
Mitigation in the LCA 1bi

By Doha:

- 1bi: work progressing on QELROs for non-Kyoto A1
- Increasing pledges to comparable levels
- Common accounting to allow comparability
- Low carbon development plans that map out a pathway to near complete decarbonisation by 2050.

Any remaining issues to be rolled into the ADP workplan for 2013 and beyond
Mitigation in the LCA: 1bii

• By Doha:
  • Pledges from countries that have not yet pledged NAMAs
  • Discussion on how ambition can be increased through means of implementation
  • Those with sufficient institutional capacity develop low carbon development plans.
Mitigation in the ADP

- Need to work out elements of near-term workplan – for 2012 and beyond!
- Workplan to reference work in LCA and KP
- Additionally, in 2012, focus on some of the issues raised in the workshop, eg:
  - Increased climate finance as a means of implementation
  - International aviation and shipping
  - HFCs (Montreal Protocol)
  - Ending fossil fuel subsidies
Why finance matters
• Closing the climate finance gap essential to close the mitigation gap and the equity gap.
• The $100B commitment in climate finance is essential for current and growing adaptation needs and low-carbon development plans to increase mitigation ambition.

Facts:
• There are no figures on the table for 2013 and beyond and no progress on scaling up between 2013-2020 towards the $100B.
• The GCF risks remaining empty.

What is needed:
• Rich countries must scale-up climate finance and capitalization of the GCF from 2013 in Doha.
• Need for substantial new and additional government budget allocations, mobilize new sources linked to carbon pricing mechanisms and innovative sources of finance.
• The LTF WP provides a critical opportunity to focus on mobilizing and scaling up climate finance but it must lead to clear decisions at COP 18.
LTF Work Program

- Identify promising sources of public finance and ways in which the COP can help to implement or advance them.
- Provide a roadmap for agreeing to specific pathways for mobilizing $100 billion by 2020 – including maximization of public sources, an appropriate role for the private sector.
- The trajectory for scaling up climate finance from 2013-2020, including for the capitalization of the Green Climate Fund.
- How to account for private finance flows towards the $100 billion per year by 2020.
- Assessment of the scale of financing needs for developing countries – based on a review of recent literature on mitigation and adaptation financing requirements.
- Appropriateness of different sources for different financing needs (adaptation, mitigation and REDD+)
LTF Work Program Modalities

• Workshops, submissions or other spaces for dialogue must be open to NGOs (transparency AND expertise)

• Parties must have sufficient time and political space before Doha to ensure vital decisions on finance are made in COP18
  – spin-off group under the AWG-LCA,
  – submission process in reaction to the co-chairs report.

• The draft report should be ready in time for substantive discussion at the ministerial level at the pre-COP to make political decisions and allow drafting of text before Doha, so that a decision on finance can be adopted.
Support: Technology

- Need trillions of USD (e.g. 5 trillion USD, IEA, 2010) for meeting Global Technology Goals for diffusion, development, and deployment.
- Initial capitalisation of the Technology Mechanism agreed by the end of the year.
- Technology window under the finance mechanism to have sustained financial flows for meeting the technology requirements.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Milestones toward 2015 protocol, an example</th>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>COP18</th>
<th>COP19</th>
<th>COP20</th>
<th>COP21</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Legal/Process</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>Adoption CP2 with all rules (incl adjustment proc)</td>
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<td>2013</td>
<td>Agree ADP workplan: clear scope, linkages &amp; milestones</td>
<td>Compilation text of the main elements</td>
<td>Nature &amp; form of commitments</td>
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<td>2014</td>
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<td>Design compliance regime</td>
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<td>2015</td>
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<td><strong>Equity</strong></td>
<td>Establish “dialogue” track</td>
<td>Agree principles &amp; broad metrics</td>
<td>Integrate into negotiating streams</td>
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<td><strong>SV Review</strong></td>
<td>Peak year</td>
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<td><strong>Mitigation</strong></td>
<td>A1 targets (25-40%)</td>
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<td>2012</td>
<td>Common accounting rules A1</td>
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<td>2013</td>
<td>NAMAs all significant parties</td>
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<td><strong>Finance</strong></td>
<td>Commitment to scale up finance from 2013-2015</td>
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<td>2012</td>
<td>LTF adopted</td>
<td>GCF Operational (with windows)</td>
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<td><strong>Adaptation</strong></td>
<td>AC workplan</td>
<td>Stocktaking NAPs to scale-up implementation</td>
<td>Loss &amp; damage mech</td>
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<td>2012</td>
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<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>Decision to build-up loss &amp; damage; decide finance modalities; kick-off NAPs process</td>
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<td><strong>Technology</strong></td>
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<td>Map Tech needs</td>
<td>Tech action plan</td>
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<td>2012</td>
<td>Criteria 2°C Tech goals</td>
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<td><strong>Capacity Building</strong></td>
<td>2-yr Doha CB action plan</td>
<td>CB COP Decision</td>
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Thank you

Climate Action Network International is the world’s largest network of civil society organizations working together to promote government action to address the climate crisis, with more than 700 members in over 90 countries.

www.climatenetwork.org